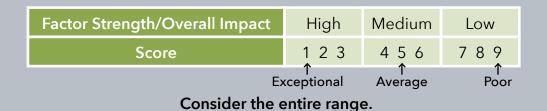
NIH Simplified Review Framework: Scoring Guidance



Factors 1 & 2:

- Scores in the high range should be based on strengths, not merely the absence of weaknesses.
- Scores in the low range should be based on weaknesses.

Factor 3:

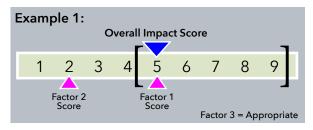
Give a binary rating:
Appropriate or Additional expertise and/ or resources needed (if gaps are identified).

Overall Impact Guidance:

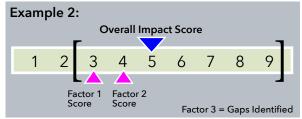
Logically, a project of moderate or limited importance (Factor 1) cannot be made more impactful by a strong approach (Factor 2) and/or appropriate expertise and resources (Factor 3).

- Your Factor 1 score should set a limit for the best possible overall impact score.
- Your assessment of Factors 2 and 3 can reinforce this score or worsen it.
- Concerns with the Additional Review Criteria can move you towards a worse score.

Overall Impact Scoring: Examples



Because the importance of the research (Factor 1) is seen as moderate, a strong approach (Factor 2) and/or appropriate expertise and resources (Factor 3) cannot be expected to improve the overall impact score.



The importance of the research (Factor 1) is seen as strong, yet a moderate approach (Factor 2) and/or gaps in expertise and/or resources (Factor 3) can worsen the overall impact score.

Guidance Effective: 2025/10 Council Round Release date: March 14, 2025